

# **A Preliminary Investigation into a Deep Learning Implementation for Hand Tracking** on Mobile Devices

**Monica Gruosso**<sup>1</sup>, Nicola Capece<sup>2</sup>, Ugo Erra<sup>1</sup>, Francesco Angiolillo<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup>Department of Mathematics, Computer Science and Economics; <sup>2</sup>School of Engineering University of Basilicata, Potenza, Italy

### Introduction

**Hand tracking** is a useful component for VR, AR, HCI, robotics, gesture recognition, and sign language understanding applications. Traditionally, additional data or multiple/depth cameras are used.

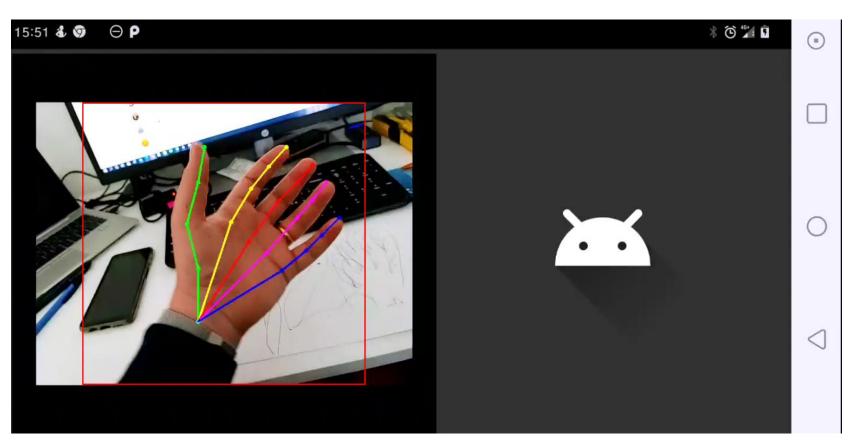
## Challenges

- Occlusions and similarities among fingers
- Various hand poses and gestures  $\bullet$
- Complex background and lighting
- Runtime and resource constraints  $\bullet$



## Goal

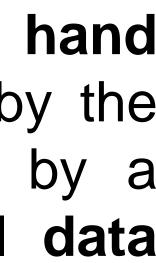
We propose a mobile app for 2D hand tracking from RGB images captured by the smartphone camera and processed by a deep neural network. No additional data are needed.



**AIVR 2020** – 3<sup>rd</sup> International Conference on Artificial Intelligence & Virtual Reality December 14-18, 2020







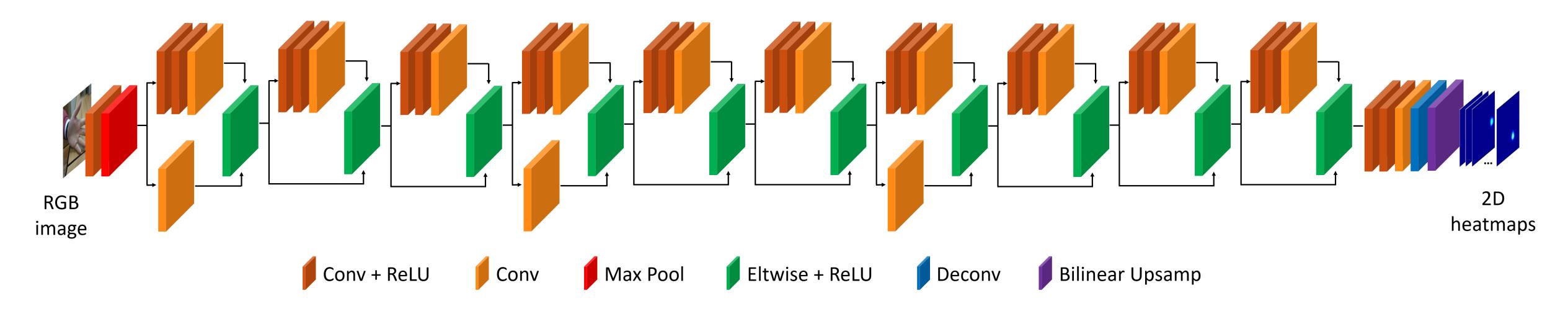


# **A Preliminary Investigation into a Deep Learning Implementation for Hand Tracking** on Mobile Devices

Monica Gruosso<sup>1</sup>, Nicola Capece<sup>2</sup>, Ugo Erra<sup>1</sup>, Francesco Angiolillo<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup>Department of Mathematics, Computer Science and Economics; <sup>2</sup>School of Engineering University of Basilicata, Potenza, Italy

#### Our idea

Our network is based on the 2D branch of the first part of RegNet baseline model, a real-time joints regressor from RGB images. It is not designed specifically for mobile. We found a compromise between performance and computational time.



**AIVR 2020** – 3<sup>rd</sup> International Conference on Artificial Intelligence & Virtual Reality December 14-18, 2020







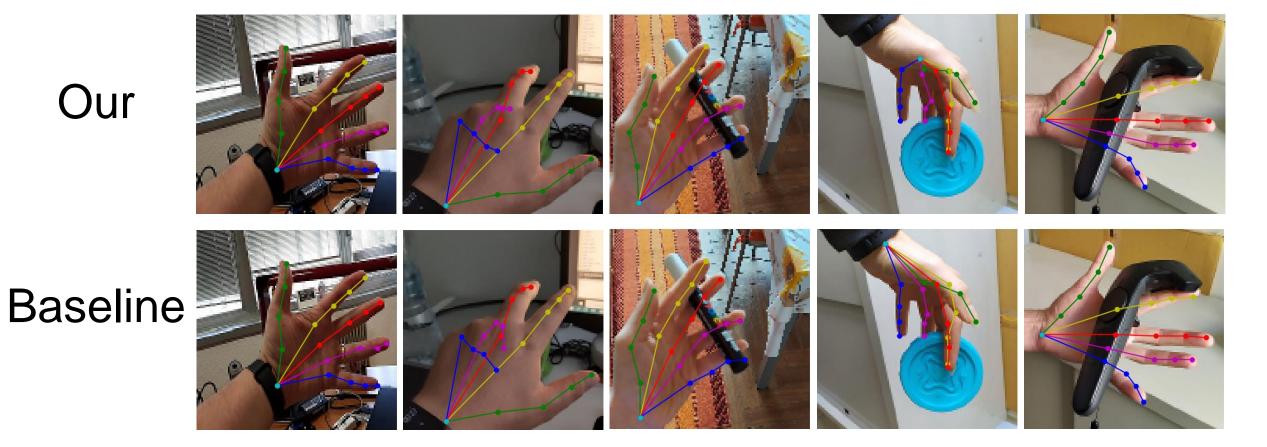


# **A Preliminary Investigation into a Deep Learning Implementation for Hand Tracking** on Mobile Devices

Monica Gruosso<sup>1</sup>, Nicola Capece<sup>2</sup>, Ugo Erra<sup>1</sup>, Francesco Angiolillo<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup>Department of Mathematics, Computer Science and Economics; <sup>2</sup>School of Engineering University of Basilicata, Potenza, Italy

Comparison with the baseline model

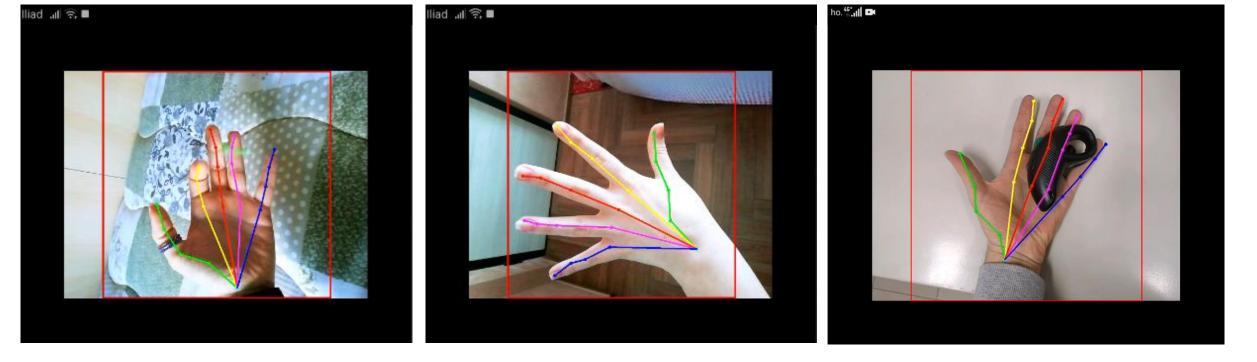
Our network achieved qualitative comparable results in most cases and 0.04 seconds less per frame prediction on average (i5-8th gen CPU), resulting in significant savings in computation time.



**AIVR 2020** – 3<sup>rd</sup> International Conference on Artificial Intelligence & Virtual Reality December 14-18, 2020



# Our Hand Tracking App Results



## Conclusions

We achieved an **interactive hand tracking** level on most devices and promising results in the case of variable brightness and background and small occlusions.





